

Forests in the BDS (1)

- Increase the quantity, quality and resilience of EU forests
- All forests need to be preserved in good health to retain their functions for biodiversity and climate, as well as to provide materials, products and services for the circular bio-economy
- EU Forest Strategy in 2021, building on the EU Biodiversity Strategy
- Further development of the **Forest Information System for Europe** (FISE), linking all EU forest-data web-platforms
- Plant at least 3 billion additional trees in the EU by 2030 in full respect of ecological principles, special focus on cities and agroforestry



Forest Management

- The share of forest areas covered by **management plans** should cover all managed public forests and an increased number of private forests
- Commission to develop, in parallel with the new EU Forest Strategy, guidelines on closer-to-nature forestry practices
- Commission to develop, in parallel with new EU forest strategy, guidelines on biodiversity-friendly afforestation and reforestation
- ➤ Define, map and protect all remaining old-growth forests in the EU



Opportunities

- > Knowledge, experience and engagement of forest owners is needed
- ➤ Common Agriculture Policy Rural Development Programmes could offer further financing possibilities to facilitate the work of foresters
- The further intensification of forest management needs to be discussed



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!



More info at:

https://ec.europa.eu/environment/nature/biodiversity/strategy/index_en.htm

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- Slide 6-12, 1515:, source: www.Gettylmages.com; Slide 3: Source: IPBES Global assessment 2019; Slide 4: graphic by Jerker Lokrantz/Azote

